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# MAP UPDATE

This map is an update to the Tongass Land Management Plan map as published in August 1982. This map reflects changes made in the Land Use Designations (LUD's) of the Plan as a result of the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act of 1980 (ANILCA; P.L. 96-487) and the Tongass Timber Reform Act of 1990 (TTRA; P.L. 101-626).

# TONGASS National Forest land management plan

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No.144  
etc.

JAN 31 1992  
CATALOGING PREP

## LAND USE DESIGNATIONS - LUD'S\*



### Wilderness (LUD II) Established by ANILCA and TTRA

Wilderness Areas will be managed as directed by the 1964 Wilderness Act, as amended by ANILCA, which provides for the following uses: Fishing, Hunting, Trapping, subject to State Fish and Game regulations; subsistence uses; public recreation cabins (existing and limited new); structures and facilities under special use permit and/or public use; Fish Habitat Enhancement; access to private, State, Native lands; use of airplanes, motor boats, and snow machines; beach log salvage, subsistence and recreation use of timber.



### Lands Released from Wilderness Recommendation (LUD I)

These lands were considered by Congress for Wilderness designation during consideration of ANILCA. The Congress decided not to include these lands in the National Wilderness Preservation System, thus directing their release from LUD I status. The allocation of these areas to Land Use Designations will be determined in the future through the land management planning process.



### Nonwilderness National Monument Lands

These lands, although not subject to provisions/requirements of the National Wilderness Preservation System, will be managed to protect objects of ecological, cultural, geological, historical, prehistoric, and scientific interest. Harvesting of timber for commercial purposes is not permitted. ANILCA has recognized the mineral values in these locations and has provided for mineral development. Although withdrawn from entry, the Act makes provisions for continued prospecting on lands within 3/4 of a mile of valid mineral claims.



### LUD II

These lands are to be managed in a roadless state to retain their wildland character, but this would permit wildlife and fish habitat improvement and primitive recreational facility development. This designation will exclude: (1) Roads, except for specifically authorized uses; (2) Timber harvesting, except for controlling insect infestations or to protect other resource values; (3) Major concentrated recreational facilities.



### LUD II - Legislated

These lands are to be managed in perpetuity in accordance with LUD II, pursuant to the Tongass Timber Reform Act of 1990 (TTRA).



### LUD III

These lands will be managed for a variety of uses. The emphasis is on managing for uses and activities in a compatible and complementary manner to provide the greatest combination of benefits. These areas have either high use or high amenity values in conjunction with high commodity values. Allowances in calculated potential timber yield have been made to meet multiple objectives. These lands may include concentrated recreational developments.

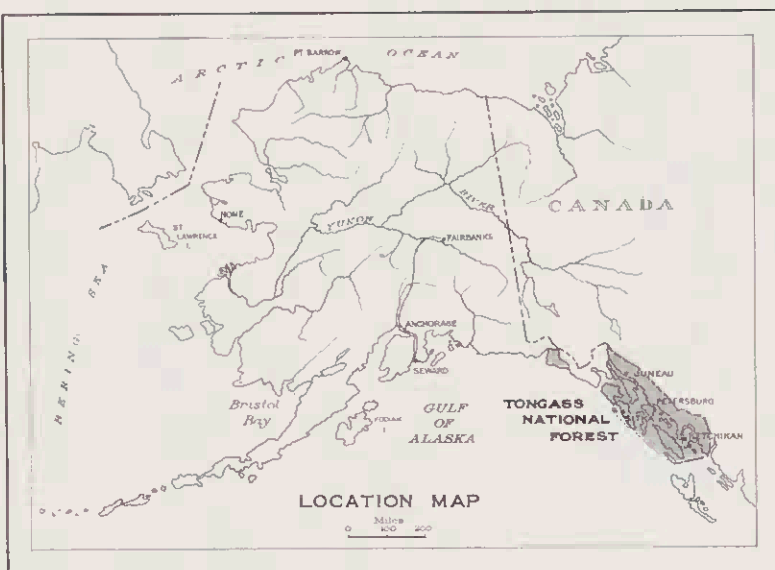


### LUD IV

Opportunities will be provided for intensive resource use and development where emphasis is primarily on commodity or market resources. Allowances in calculated potential timber yield have been made to provide for protection of physical and biological productivity.

\*Complete definitions for the LUD's are contained in the Tongass Land Management Plan, as amended. (Alaska Region Admin. Document No. 147)

SCALE IN MILES  
0 5 10 20 25



Areas for which specific management direction is written (see Land Management Plan). The Forest is divided into 141 of these management areas. The letter C, S, or K preceding the identifying number in each area indicates the administrative area of which it is a part (Chatham, Stikine, or Ketchikan).



Areas to be managed with a LUD III emphasis but excluded from calculation of timber yield.



Land Selections made by the State of Alaska under terms of the Alaska Statehood Act which have been approved as of April 1981.



Generalized Land Selection Areas or Land Conveyances made to Native Corporations.



Lands added to the Tongass National Forest by ANILCA.

## LAND ALLOCATION SUMMARY<sup>a/</sup>

Geographic Area	Wilderness <sup>b/</sup>	Non Wilderness National Monument	LUD I Released	LUD II	LUD III	LUD III Special	LUD III	LUD IV	Non Wilderness Forest Addition/Transfer	Total
Chatham Area	2,706,410 A	17,200 A	22,900 A	471,190 A	1,024,980 A	88,780 A	1,239,620 A	868,800 A	959,600 A	1,122,900 A
% of Area (18,007,700 A) <sup>d/</sup>	3%	0%	0%	3%	6%	0%	7%	5%	5%	12%
Stikine Area	694,520 A	0 acres	264,950 A	43,480 A	889,960 A	9,100 A	553,900 A	1,368,200 A	163,300 A	1,633,300 A
% of Area (3,591,300 A) <sup>d/</sup>	19%	0%	7%	1%	25%	0%	16%	38%	5%	58%
Ketchikan Area	2,270,830 A	153,000 A	16,850 A	242,430 A	322,810 A	50,300 A	507,400 A	1,886,850 A	0 acres	1,886,850 A
% of Area (15,112,900 A) <sup>d/</sup>	15%	1%	0%	2%	2%	0%	3%	12%	0%	23%
Tongass National Forest	5,671,000 A	170,200 A	304,710 A	557,660 A	2,247,850 A	148,380 A	2,304,220 A	3,804,450 A	1,122,900 A	11,222,900 A
% of Forest (16,706,900 A) <sup>d/</sup>	34%	1%	2%	3%	14%	1%	14%	23%	10%	78%

<sup>a/</sup>Acres do not include those yet to be conveyed to the State of Alaska and Native Corporations.

<sup>b/</sup>Acres shown includes a 64,075 acre transfer to Glacier Bay National Park and Preserve. The acreage displayed represents the net nonwilderness acreage added to the Forest. Wilderness acreage added to the Forest created from the Public Domain (340,281 acres) is included under the "Wilderness" column. The total net added to the Forest is 1,463,370 acres.

<sup>d/</sup>All rounding is to the nearest percentage. Totals may not sum to exactly 100%.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
FOREST SERVICE  
MICHAEL A. BARTON, REGIONAL FORESTER

MARCH 1991

DIXON ENTRANCE